PREMIERE PRO EDITING NOTES

<u>Identify Video Type</u> HD or SD, frame size, frames per second (fps), square or anamorphic pixels

Project/Sequence Setup Match to fit your video type

Importing Clips File>Import or drag and drop files into Project window

Project: holds pointers to all files used in Premiere

<u>Info</u>: tells information about a particular item in the program window

Effects: contains folders of various effects and transitions

<u>History</u>: same as in Photoshop, lists all actions taken

Source: displays clips for future editing

Effect Controls: adjust effects applied to a clip

<u>Audio Mixer</u>: for mixing audio tracks on the Timeline

Program: shows what is on the timeline

Audio Master Meters: display audio levels

Tools:

A. Selection tool B. Track Selection tool C. Ripple Edit tool D. Rolling Edit tool

E. Rate Stretch tool F. Razor tool G. Slip tool H. Slide tool I. Pen tool J. Hand tool

K. Zoom tool

Timeline = Sequences where you edit

Time navigation controls in the Timeline panel

A. Current-time display **B.** Current-time indicator **C.** Viewing area bar **D.** Work area bar

E. Time ruler F. Zoom out G. Zoom slider H. Zoom in

<u>Time ruler</u> Measures sequence time horizontally, using the counting method specified in the project/sequence settings

<u>Current-time indicator</u> (CTI) Indicates the current frame displayed in the Program Monitor.

<u>Current time display</u> Shows the timecode for the current frame in the Timeline panel.

<u>Viewing area bar</u> Corresponds to the visible part of the sequence in the Timeline panel.

Work area bar Specifies the area of the sequence that you want to preview or export.

Zoom controls Change the scale of the time ruler to increase or decrease the number of frames visible within the current viewing area.

Head Beginning of a clip

Tail End of a clip

Straight Cut Picture and sound cut at same time. Out going and incoming shots are "butted" together

Assemble Edit or Rough Cut basic raw cut of footage

<u>Match Cut</u> a cut between either two different objects, two different spaces, or two different compositions in which an object in the two shots graphically match, often helping to establish a strong continuity of action and linking the two shots metaphorically

Cross Cut one plot line is intercut with another

Jump Cut jump in time of a shot

Trim or Trimming changing a clip's In point or Out point - - Use Selection Tool

<u>Overlay edit</u> adds a clip by replacing any frames already in a sequence starting from the edit point and extending for the length of the clip.

<u>Insert edit</u> adding a clip to the sequence forces any clips later in time to shift forward to accommodate the new clip.

<u>Targeting tracks</u> A sequence may contain several video and audio tracks. When you add a clip to a sequence, you need to specify which tracks it should occupy. The way you specify target tracks depends on the editing method you use.

If you insert a clip, the clip goes into the targeted track, and clips in any unlocked tracks shift to accommodate the insertion.

**To insert a clip and not shift clips in other tracks, Ctrl-Alt-drag (Windows) or Command-Option-drag (Mac OS) the clip into the track.

L-Cut or Split Edit Picture or sound overlap the next shot